

## PSYCHOLOGICAL HEALTH SELF-CHECK

Changes in mood, focus, behaviours or daily habits can be signs of stress or injury. Use the scale to reflect and check where you're at today.

	HEALTHY	HEALTHY REACTING INJURED		ILL		
Mood & Emotions	I frequently and regularly experience positive thoughts and emotions.	I experience fewer positive thoughts and emotions.	I find it difficult to experience positive thoughts and emotions.	I almost never experience positive thoughts and emotions.		
Thinking & Attitude	My outlook is positive, and I cope well.	My outlook is usually positive, but I sometimes struggle to focus and cope.	My outlook is negative, and I frequently cannot concentrate or cope.	My outlook is pessimistic, I cannot concentrate, struggle to cope and experience negative intrusive thoughts.		
Performance & Funtioning	My capacity to function is excellent.	My capacity to function is good.	My capacity to function is fair.	My capacity to function is poor.		
Physical Well-being	My health is excellent.	My health is good.	My health is fair.	My health is poor.		
Substance Use & Addictive Behaviours	I have limited or no use/engagement with substances.	I have regular, controlled use/engagement with substances.	I am increasingly using substances, find it difficult to control and experience negative consequences.	I frequently use/engage with substances. I am unable to control this use and have significant negative consequences.		
Action to Take	<ul><li>Use simple coping tools: walk, talk to friends, music</li><li>Limit news and media</li></ul>	<ul><li>Get good sleep and eat well</li><li>Seek support from others</li></ul>	★ Time to get professional help	★ Get help now ★ Call a crisis line		
Worksite: Unit:						

Give this resource to your steward, worksite joint occupational health and safety committee rep, regional mental health or OHS rep.

## **IDENTIFYING CONTRIBUTING FACTORS** TO PSYCHOLOGICAL INJURIES



Have you experienced or witnessed a critical incident or traumatic workplace event? □ Check the factors below that apply:

PHYSICAL ENVIRONMENT		WORKFLOW AND TASKS		PEOPLE AND INTERACTIONS	
No secure space to go to if patient/public is violent.  Isolated when working, no way for		☐ Short-staffed, unable to follow safe work procedures (e.g., 2-person transfer or 2-person for care).		Verbal violence and threats from patients and the public.  Physical violence from patients and public.  Worker: worker harassment/bullying.  Manager: worker harassment/bullying.  Experiencing discrimination.	
co-worker to come help.  Lack safety equipment such as personal					
alarm pendants or mechanical lifts.  Indoor air quality is compromised by	<ul> <li>□ No cover to take breaks or lunch.</li> <li>□ Required to work overtime (risk of fatigue).</li> <li>□ Lack of appropriate resources to</li> </ul>				
smoke, unregulated substances, or pollutants.  Limited or poor controls to protect against			Experiencing negative consequences after reporting or raising issue with supervisor/leader.		
exposures to hazardous substances/disease.		safety risks.		Sexual harassment or assault.  Lack of communication to complete tasks.	
Hallway beds or other equipment impedes ability to move between patients.  High noise levels/overstimulation.		No control in decision making/not safe to speak up.  Moral distress.		Lack of communication to support change.	
The public and patients can freely access staff areas.		Inadequate training to complete tasks safely (e.g. how to don PPE).		<ul><li>Lack of communication from leadership/organization.</li><li>Interpersonal conflicts on team.</li></ul>	
Patients have weapons while receiving care.		Inadequate education on workplace hazards and controls.	☐ Other:		
Other		Lack of leadership direction and/or support.			
		Critical incident supports not offered or insufficient.  Other:			
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